

Varied Fluency

Step 10: Add Fractions

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 5: (5F2a) [Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements \$> 1\$ as a mixed number \[for example, \$2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 \frac{1}{5}\$ \]](#)

Mathematics Year 5: (5F4) [Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number](#)

Differentiation:

Developing Questions to support adding 2 fractions with sums greater than 1 where the denominators are the same, halves or doubles of each other.

Expected Questions to support adding 3 fractions with sums greater than 1 where the denominators are all direct multiples of each other.

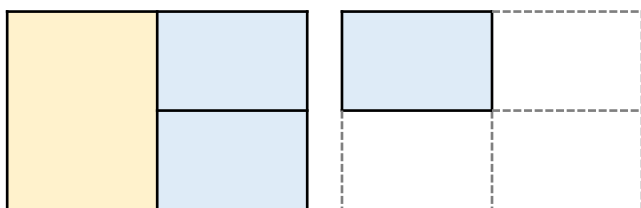
Greater Depth Questions to support adding 3 fractions with sums greater than 1 where the denominators are not all direct multiples of each other. The lowest common denominator is not provided in the question.

More [Year 5 Fractions](#) resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to [review](#) it on our website.

Add Fractions

1a. Complete the calculation shown in the model below.



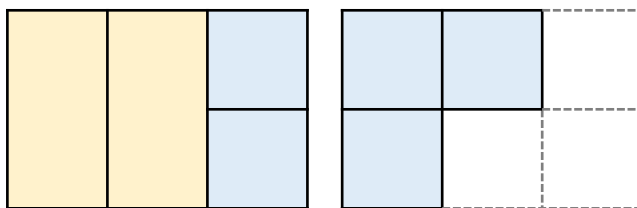
$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \boxed{} \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$



VF

Add Fractions

1b. Complete the calculation shown in the model below.

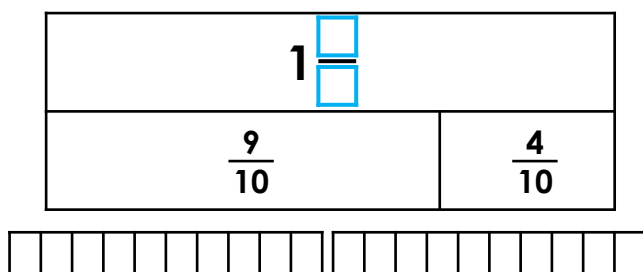


$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \boxed{} \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$



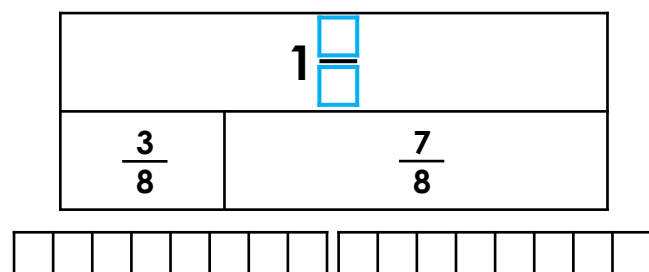
VF

2a. Complete the bar model.



VF

2b. Complete the bar model.



VF

3a. Solve the following calculations.

A. $\frac{7}{10} + \frac{19}{20} = \boxed{} \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$

B. $\frac{5}{18} + \frac{7}{9} = \boxed{} \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$



VF

3b. Solve the following calculations.

A. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{8} = \boxed{} \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$

B. $\frac{13}{16} + \frac{7}{8} = \boxed{} \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$



VF

4a. Which calculation is incorrect?

A. $\frac{11}{12} + \frac{5}{6} = 1 \frac{16}{12}$

B. $\frac{9}{11} + \frac{15}{22} = 1 \frac{1}{2}$



VF

4b. Which calculation is incorrect?

A. $\frac{8}{14} + \frac{5}{7} = 1 \frac{4}{14}$

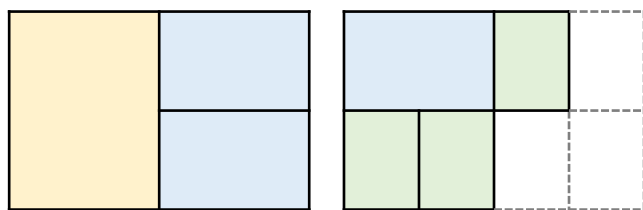
B. $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{10}$



VF

Add Fractions

5a. Complete the calculation shown in the model below.



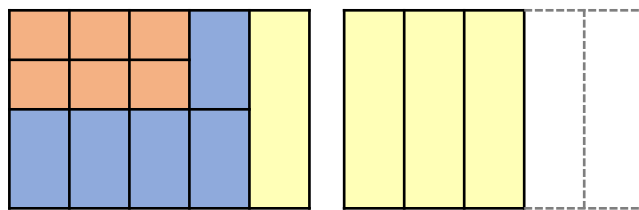
$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$



VF

Add Fractions

5b. Complete the calculation shown in the model below.

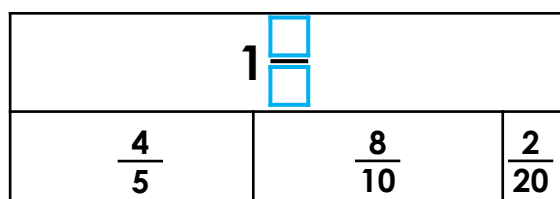


$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$



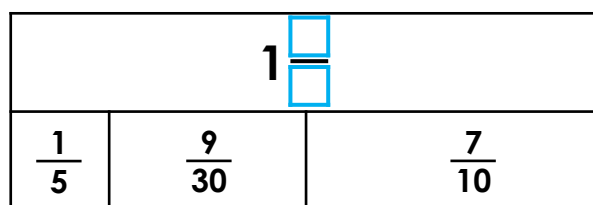
VF

6a. Complete the bar model.



VF

6b. Complete the bar model.



VF

7a. Solve the following calculations.

A. $\frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{12} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$

B. $\frac{8}{16} + \frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$



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7b. Solve the following calculations.

A. $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{3}{14} + \frac{15}{28} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$

B. $\frac{19}{36} + \frac{4}{9} + \frac{13}{18} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$



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8a. Which calculation is incorrect?

A. $\frac{4}{7} + \frac{12}{14} + \frac{9}{28} = 1 \frac{3}{4}$

B. $\frac{5}{12} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{25}{48} = 1 \frac{1}{4}$



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8b. Which calculation is incorrect?

A. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{9}{16} + \frac{6}{8} = 2 \frac{1}{16}$

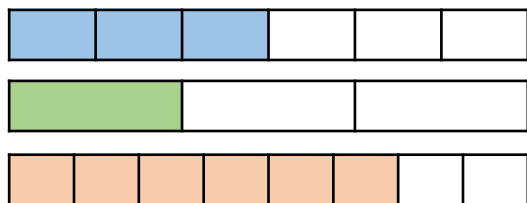
B. $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{17}{32} + \frac{9}{16} = 1 \frac{1}{4}$



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Add Fractions

9a. Complete the calculation shown in the model below.



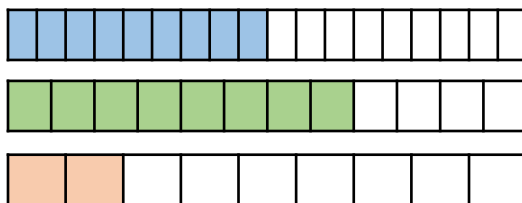
$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$



VF

Add Fractions

9b. Complete the calculation shown in the model below.

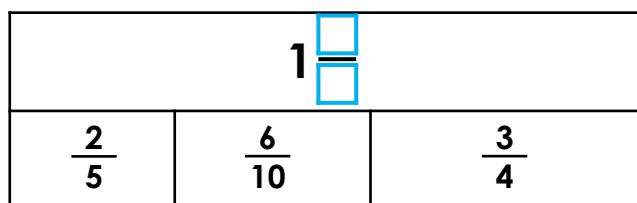


$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} + \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$



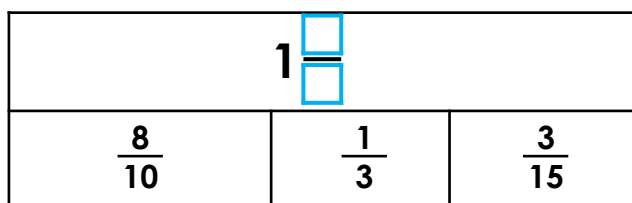
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10a. Complete the bar model.



VF

10b. Complete the bar model.



VF

11a. Solve the following calculations.

A. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{6} + \frac{5}{9} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$

B. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$



VF

11b. Solve the following calculations.

A. $\frac{7}{12} + \frac{3}{18} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$

B. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{12}{22} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$



VF

12a. Which calculation is incorrect?

A. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{4}{14} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \frac{15}{28}$

B. $\frac{5}{6} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{7}{12} = 1 \frac{3}{12}$



VF

12b. Which calculation is incorrect?

A. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{6}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = 1 \frac{5}{21}$

B. $\frac{7}{12} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{10} = 1 \frac{7}{12}$



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Developing

1a. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = 1\frac{1}{4}$

2a. $1\frac{3}{10}$

3a. $A = 1\frac{13}{20}$, $B = 1\frac{1}{18}$

4a. **A is incorrect.** $A = 1\frac{3}{4}$

Expected

5a. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8} = 1\frac{5}{8}$

6a. $1\frac{7}{10}$ or $1\frac{14}{20}$

7a. $A = 1\frac{3}{4}$ or $1\frac{9}{12}$ $B = 1\frac{7}{8}$ or $1\frac{14}{16}$

8a. **B is incorrect.** $B = 1\frac{37}{48}$

Greater Depth

9a. $\frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{6}{8} = 1\frac{7}{12}$

10a. $1\frac{3}{4}$

11a. $A = 1\frac{8}{9}$, $B = 1\frac{7}{12}$

12a. **B is incorrect.** $B = 1\frac{19}{24}$

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Developing

1b. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} = 1\frac{1}{2}$ or $1\frac{3}{6}$

2b. $1\frac{1}{4}$ or $1\frac{2}{8}$

3b. $A = 1\frac{3}{8}$, $B = 1\frac{11}{16}$

4b. **B is incorrect.** $B = 1\frac{2}{5}$

Expected

5b. $\frac{6}{20} + \frac{5}{10} + \frac{4}{5} = 1\frac{3}{5}$ or $1\frac{12}{20}$

6b. $1\frac{1}{5}$ or $1\frac{6}{30}$

7b. $A = 1\frac{13}{28}$, $B = 1\frac{25}{36}$

8b. **B is incorrect.** $B = 1\frac{31}{32}$

Greater Depth

9b. $\frac{9}{18} + \frac{8}{12} + \frac{2}{9} = 1\frac{7}{18}$

10b. $1\frac{1}{3}$

11b. $A = 1\frac{7}{12}$, $B = 1\frac{13}{44}$

12b. **A is incorrect.** $A = 2\frac{5}{21}$